# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

**Blue Concentrate** 

	Bide Concentrate
Section 1. Identifi	cation
GHS product identifier	: Blue Concentrate
Other means of identification	: 2087FC
Product type	: Liquid
Relevant identified uses of the Not applicable	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Supplier's details	: Essential Industries, Inc. P.O. Box 12 Merton, WI 53056-0012 Phone: 262-538-1122
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: 800-843-6174 (24 Hours)
Section 2. Hazard	s identification
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the	: SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
substance or mixture	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	: Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation.
Precautionary statements	
General	<ul> <li>Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.</li> </ul>
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs, get medical advice/attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.
Storage	: Store locked up.
Disposal	<ul> <li>Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> </ul>
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substance/mixture Other means of identification

: Mixture

: Not available

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

CAS number	: Not applicable
Product code	: 2087FC

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	1 - 5	64-02-8

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Potential acute health effectsEye contact: Causes serious eye irritation.Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contact: Causes skin irritation.Ingestion: Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.Over-exposure signs/symptoms	Most important symptoms/e	effects, acute and delayed			
Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contact: Causes skin irritation.Ingestion: Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.	Potential acute health effect	<u>cts</u>			
Skin contact: Causes skin irritation.Ingestion: Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.	Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.			
Ingestion : Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.	Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
	Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.			
Over-exposure signs/symptoms	Ingestion : Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.				

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## Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (section 8)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.</li> </ul>
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures			
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.		

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	nt	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	1	
Protective measures	t t t	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from acids. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	l c	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities		Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials and food and drink. Store locked up. Separate from acids. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters	
Occupational exposure limit	<u>s</u>
None.	
Appropriate engineering controls	: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	<u>ures</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	<ul> <li>Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

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Vapor density	: <1 [Air = 1]
Vapor pressure	: <4 kPa (<30 mm Hg) [room temperature]
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available
Evaporation rate	: Not available
Flash point	: Closed cup: >93.334°C (>200°F)
Boiling point	: 100°C (212°F)
Melting point	: 0°C (32°F)
рН	: 11.5 to 12.5
Odor threshold	: Not available
Odor	: Citrus
Color	: Blue
Physical state	: Liquid
<u>Appearance</u>	

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Specific gravity	: 1.04 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	
Solubility	: Not available	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available	
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available	
Viscosity	: Not available	
VOC content	: <1%	
VOCs are calculated following the requirements u	ler 40 CFR, Part 59, Subpart C for Consumer Products and Subpart D for Architectural Coatings.	

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: acids
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	10 g/kg	-
Irritation/Corrosion				

#### **Product/ingredient name** Result **Species** Score **Exposure** Observation tetrasodium ethylene diamine 24 hours 100 Eyes - Moderate irritant Rabbit \_ tetraacetate milligrams Skin - Moderate irritant Rabbit 24 hours 500 \_ milligrams

#### Sensitization

Not available

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available

#### Reproductive toxicity

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available

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Not available

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available

Information on the likely	: Not available
routes of exposure	

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains</li> </ul>

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Delayed and initiate energy	to and also emotic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available
Potential delayed effects	: Not available
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available
Potential delayed effects	: Not available
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
Not available	
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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### Section 11. Toxicological information

Developmental effects Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Not available

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	Acute LC50 486000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	5.01	1.8	low

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition	: Not available
coefficient (Koc)	

**Other adverse effects** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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**Disposal methods** 

### Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated	UN3267	UN3267
UN proper shipping name	-	Corrosive Liquid, Basic, Organic, N.O.S. (Tetrasodium ethylenediaminetetraacetate)	Corrosive Liquid, Basic, Organic, N.O.S. (Tetrasodium ethylenediaminetetraacetate)
Transport hazard class(es)	-	8	8
Packing group	-	Ш	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	This product is not regulated as hazardous by DOT per 49CFR 173. 154(d) exception for materials corrosive to metals (steel and.or aluminum).	Corrosive to aluminum.	Corrosive to aluminum.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

## Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Air Act Section 112 : Not listed (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

#### SARA 311/312 Classification

: Immediate (acute) health hazard

**Composition/information on ingredients** 

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive		Delayed (chronic) health hazard
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	1 - 5	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.

#### **State regulations**

International regulations

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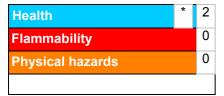
### Section 15. Regulatory information

**Canada inventory** 

: All components are listed or exempted.

### Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

#### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 8/27/2015
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Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations</li> </ul>
References	: Not available

**V** Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

### Section 16. Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.